

LORD MAYOR TRELOAR
CRIPPLES' HOSPITAL AND COLLEGE
ALTON, HANTS.

REPORT AND

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

For Year Ending
31st MARCH, 1945.

Trustees :

Miss FLORENCE TRELOAR.

The Rt. Hon. THE LORD MAYOR OF LONDON.

Major-General The Rt. Hon. LORD BURNHAM, C.B., D.S.O., M.C. (*Chairman*).

Sir ALEXANDER MACLEAN.

WILLIAM BAKER, Esq.

Secretary :

S W. CANE, F.H.A



Honorary Medical Board :

- Sir MAURICE CASSIDY, K.C.V.O., C.B., M.A., M.D., F.R.C.P.
*Dr. GORDON M. HOLMES, C.M.G. C.B.E., F.R.S., M.D., F.R.C.P.
The Rt. Hon. LORD HORDER, G.C.V.O., M.D., F.R.C.P., D.C.L.
*Dr. REGINALD LIGHTWOOD, M.D., F.R.C.P.
Dr. R. A. LYSTER M.D., B.CH., B.SC., D.P.H.
*Dr. F. H. YOUNG, O.B.E., M.D., F.R.C.P.
Sir JAMES BERRY, B.S., F.R.C.S.
F. F. BURGHARD, Esq., C.B., M.D., M.S., F.R.C.S.
*Sir THOMAS FAIRBANK, D.S.O., O.B.E., M.S., F.R.C.S. (*Chairman of Executive Committee*).
*Sir HAROLD GILLIES, C.B.E., F.R.C.S.
*Sir CHARLES GORDON-WATSON K.B.E., C.M.G., F.R.C.S.
*Professor T. POMFRET KILNER, C.B.E., M.B., F.R.C.S.
H. S. PENDLEBURY, Esq., M.A., M.B., B.CH., F.R.C.S.
*A. E. MORTIMER WOOLF, Esq., B.A., M.B., F.R.C.S.
* *Members of Executive Committee.*

Hon. Consulting Plastic Surgeon :
Sir HAROLD GILLIES, C.B.E., F.R.C.S.

Hon. Consulting Ophthalmic Surgeons :
Sir W. STEWART DUKE-ELDER, K.C.V.O., M.D., D.SC., PH.D., F.R.C.S.
C. L. GIMBLETT, Esq., M.A., M.D., F.R.C.S.

Hon. Consulting Bacteriologist :
Dr. R. L. VOLLUM, M.A., D.PHIL.

Consulting Orthopaedic Surgeons :
Sir THOMAS FAIRBANK, D.S.O., O.B.E., M.S., F.R.C.S.
H. H. LANGSTON, Esq., M.B., F.R.C.S.
(*also Surgeon in Charge of Clinics*).

Consulting Plastic Surgeon :
Professor T. POMFRET KILNER, C.B.E., M.B., F.R.C.S.

Consulting Ear, Nose and Throat Surgeon :
N. A. JORY, Esq., F.R.C.S.

Assistant Consulting Orthopaedic Surgeon :
E. A. LINDSAY, Esq., F.R.C.S.

Consulting Physician :
Dr. K. M. ROBERTSON, M.D., B.S., M.R.C.P.

Consulting Anaesthetist :
Dr. J. T. HUNTER, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Resident Surgical Officer in Charge :
Dr. K. A. BUTLER, M.B.B.S.

Assistant Medical Officers :
Dr. C. J. S. GAUVAIN, M.A., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
Dr. D. T. A. BROWN, M.B., B.S.

Pathologist :
Dr. E. M. MARTLAND, M.A., M.B., B.S.

Dentist :
P. W. BINSTED, Esq.

Chaplain :
Rev. J. R. S. STRANACK, M.A.

Acting Matron :
Miss E. A. BROWN.

Bankers :
MIDLAND BANK LTD LLOYDS BANK LTD. BARCLAYS BANK LTD.

Hon. Solicitors :
Messrs. HYDE, MAHON & PASCALL, 33, ELY PLACE, E.C.1.

Auditors :
Messrs. PANNELL, CREWDSON & HARDY, 9, BASINGHALL STREET, E.C.2.



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TRUSTEES' REPORT.

THIS has been a year of grievous loss for the Hospital. On 19th January, Sir Henry Gauvain, who for thirty-seven years had been Medical Superintendent of the Hospital, died. A tribute to his work appears elsewhere in this publication.

The Trustees, in their report, wish to record their deep sense of loss and their gratitude for Gauvain's fine skill and devoted service to the Hospital. The record of his great achievement can be found in the biographical note. What is difficult to describe in words is the influence of his kindly and charming personality in creating the tradition of Alton as a happy hospital.

On 4th June, 1945, Sir Frank Alexander, Lord Mayor of London, named a ward block of the Hospital the Henry Gauvain Block in his memory.

With profound sorrow the Trustees have also to record the death of his successor, Dr. C. E. M. Jones, on 3rd. August, 1945. Dr. Jones for twenty-six years had been Sir Henry's right hand man as Senior Resident Medical Officer. His contribution to the work of Alton was of a high order, and his universal popularity amongst staff and children was evidence of his cheerful and lovable personality.

Trustees and staff feel the loss of two dear friends and great servants of the Hospital, and of humanity.

Although the life and work of the Hospital has been overshadowed by these sad events, we are able to report that the work of the Hospital has been carried on thoroughly satisfactorily. This reflects great credit on all members of the staff.

The statistics on pages 19 and 20 show that on the average 318 beds were occupied throughout the year and that just over 450 children were discharged at the termination of successful treatment.

The seaside branch at Hayling Island, which has been occupied by the Admiralty throughout the War, has now been de-requisitioned and it is planned to re-open this branch and to re-admit children in the spring of 1946. This will make a further 55 beds available and will help materially in reducing our lengthy waiting list. It is the earnest desire of the Trustees to build a new Hospital at Hayling Island at the earliest opportunity and so carry out the plans in hand

before the war to have a first-class well-equipped Hospital there for the specialised treatment of Infantile Paralysis and other allied complaints.

Sir Alexander Maclean, who has already given £100,000 for the rebuilding Hayling, has again shown his great generosity in making a settlement of a further £10,000 to enable the estate there of 50 acres to be laid out in a more attractive manner in keeping with the proposed new buildings.

Donations and subscriptions generally have been excellent, and the report of the Queen Alexandra League shows that local collectors have once again made splendid efforts resulting in the record sum of £25,600. This total is the highest since the beginning of the war and is worthy of special mention.

Outstanding among many bequests and gifts to the Hospital were £500 from "Uncle Mac's B.B.C. Christmas Appeal" and a donation of £220 from the Stock Exchange. Further generous donations were received from the Entre Nous Club, who gave £185 in support of their cots. Over £500 was received from various Naval Depots in Portsmouth, Chatham and Plymouth.

Apart from gifts in money, two excellent presents of special apparatus were received, one being a Mobile X-Ray Apparatus given to the Hospital by Mr. and Mrs. Laurence Carr, of Bournemouth, and the other a Vertical Screening Stand for the X-Ray department from friends and relations of the late Rev. T. Brock, of Aldershot.

The Trustees wish to take this opportunity of thanking all members of the Honorary and Resident Medical Staff of the Hospital for their admirable support and service during a difficult time. It is with much pleasure that they record that Sir Thomas Fairbank, who for many years has been so closely associated with the surgical work of the Hospital, has been elected Chairman of the Medical Board. They also congratulate him on his recent honour of a Knighthood.

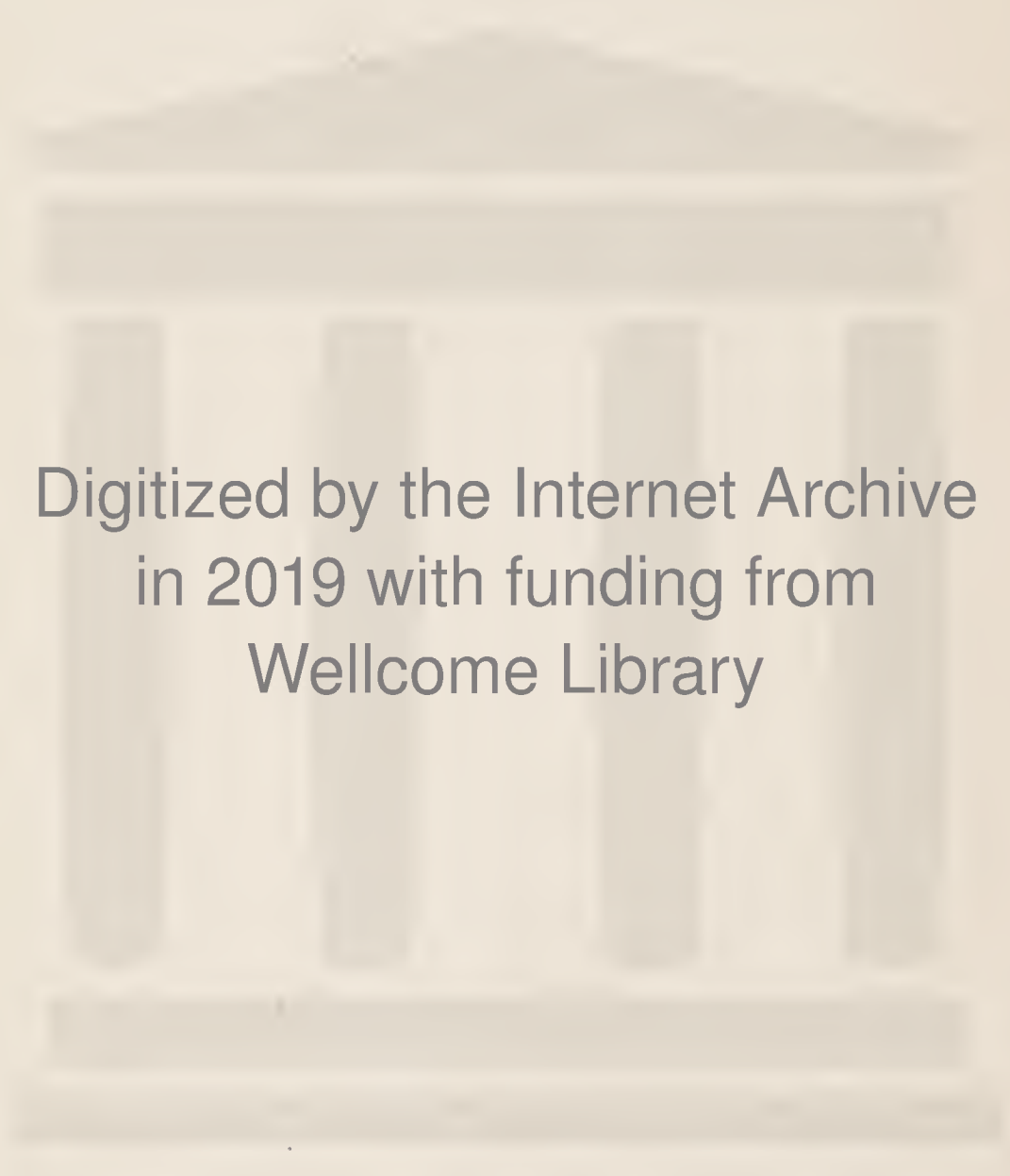
Professor T. Pomfret Kilner, who has for a number of years carried out such outstandingly successful work in plastic surgery, has agreed to serve on the Medical Board, and the Trustees wish to welcome him and to congratulate him, as well, on his recent award of the C.B.E. The Trustees also welcome Dr. K. M. Robertson, who has been appointed as a consulting physician to the Hospital, and Mr. H. H. Langston, who has been appointed consulting orthopaedic surgeon.

BURNHAM,

Chairman.



The Late Sir Henry Gauvain, M.A., M.D., M.C., F.R.C.S., Medical Superintendent.
Lord Mayor Treloar Cripples Hospital and College, 1908—1945.



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The Late Sir HENRY GAUVAIN,

M.D., M.Chir.(Cantab)., M.D. (Hon.) Melb., F.R.C.S.

IN the year 1908 there was founded at Alton, in the English county of Hampshire, the Lord Mayor Treloar Cripples' Hospital. The Founder, Sir William Treloar, a philanthropic but shrewd man of business, chose as Resident Medical Officer in Charge a young man of twenty-eight years of age who had only recently completed his house appointments. Sir William planned his hospital for the crippled children of London. The plans were laid with care and have borne abundant fruit in the fine modern orthopædic hospital which now bears his name, caring for a far wider community than was dreamed of by its founder. That such development and expansion proved possible can in large measure be attributed to the vision, energy and enthusiasm of that young man of twenty-eight (the Hospital's Medical Superintendent) who later became Sir Henry Gauvain.

It is difficult now to realise the indifference towards and lack of interest in crippling conditions and particularly surgical tuberculosis that existed forty years ago. Gauvain, from the first, made surgical tuberculosis his especial study, and was destined, in the course of a few years, materially to alter the pessimistic attitude characteristic of those days towards all forms of bone and joint infection. Deliberate and planned conservative treatment of surgical tuberculosis was nowhere practised in England at that time. Indicative of the apathy with which Gauvain had to contend was the comment of a distinguished consultant member of the Medical Board which Sir William Treloar had appointed to guide him in developing the Hospital, who said of Gauvain's request for provision of a sterilising plant, "Of what use are sterile dressings for cripples" ?

Gauvain, a Channel Islander, born in Alderney of an old Channel Island family, had early acquired a love and appreciation of the value of the sun and the sea. A visit to Berck-sur-Mer, where the conservative treatment of surgical tuberculosis had already been practised for many years, quickly led Gauvain to realise the importance of open air and the sun in the treatment of surgical tuberculosis.

From the first, therefore, Gauvain stressed, in articles and to the many students and medical men that soon began to come to Alton, that the "surgical tuberculosis lesion was but a local manifestation of a general disease," and that no form of local treatment could be successful unless it were accompanied by "all possible measures to improve the patient's general health and increase his powers of resistance to tuberculous disease." Gauvain was nothing if not a man of vision and originality, and he determined to interpret his principle of full and active conservative treatment of the patient as a whole in its widest and most complete sense.

He studied hospital planning and persuaded the Trustees of the Hospital to build at Alton a hospital that is a model of hospital design for the open air treatment of children, coupled with the most complete surgical facilities. Land was acquired at Hayling Island for a seaside branch, so designed that bed as well as ambulant patients could benefit by sea-bathing as a form of treatment.

Gauvain realised early that no plan of general treatment for a chronic disease in childhood could be adequate that did not also cater for the mind. An experimental hospital school—the first of its kind in England—was sanctioned by the Board of Education in 1912. Mr. Lloyd George, the then President of the Board of Education, was so impressed with the importance of this work that he decided that grants should be given to extend this type of education throughout the country.

By 1920, when Gauvain received the honour of knighthood, it is no exaggeration to say that his work had led to an entirely new outlook on the part of the profession towards the possibilities of the non-operative treatment of surgical tuberculosis and the prognosis of the disease.

Gauvain did not neglect the local treatment of the tuberculous lesion. He designed a number of splints and appliances for the fixation of the lesion and the prevention or correction of the deformity. All such appliances were governed by the principle that “the simpler the appliance employed, the greater the comfort to the patient and the fewer the complications in the apparatus, the better the result will be.” He was responsible for introducing the technique for making light moulded splints of celluloid impregnated muslin, so valuable for use in tuberculous disease in children, and to see him apply and mould a plaster spica to a child was to realise that for him it had to be artistically satisfying as well as mechanically efficient.

From Calvé, at Berck-sur-Mer, Gauvain learned the technique of the aspiration of tuberculous abscesses, particularly the Psoas abscess. Realising the value of the method in preventing sinus formation and secondary infection, Gauvain practised and endeavoured to popularise the method in this country. Surprisingly, the practice of aspirating psoas abscesses as opposed to incising the abscesses was at first strongly opposed by the older surgeons.

As a diagnostician of tuberculous disease Gauvain acquired a great and well-deserved reputation. In 1918 he first described the sign for the presence of active disease in the hip, which has since become known by his name.

Although Gauvain's early reputation rests upon his crusade for the efficient conservative treatment of tubercle, in the widest sense, he was by no means opposed to surgical intervention at the appropriate time. Spinal fusion, extra-articular arthrodesis of the hip, and other fixation and stabilising procedures were practised, but it was always emphasised that these were procedures for the selected case, only to be carried out when the disease was quiescent as a mechanical means of acquiring stability in a part left unstable as the result of disease, and not procedures to be adopted in active disease or to shorten the period of essential conservative treatment.

A gifted speaker with a pleasing and lively manner, Gauvain found many an occasion to spread and emphasise his views, and although perhaps his style was more suited to the popular scientific lecture rather than to the studious paper, he always gained a ready hearing in both medical and lay audiences. His manner was such that his

addresses were remembered long afterwards. He delivered the Hastings Popular Lecture at the British Medical Association Annual Meetings of 1924 and 1933. In 1926 he went on a lecture tour in the United States of America and in Canada. In 1936 he received the Distinguished Service Gold Key to the American Congress of Physiotherapy. In 1935 he was President of the Tuberculosis and Public Health Section at the British Medical Association meeting held in Australia, and received the Honorary degree of M.D. Melbourne. Gauvain also held office as President of the sections of Diseases of Children, Orthopædics and Electro-therapeutics of the Royal Society of Medicine of London.

Gauvain's interest in orthopædics was in no sense confined to tuberculous conditions, and in recent years he had become particularly interested in poliomyelitis. It has been planned to develop the seaside branch of the Treloar Hospital, as centre for treatment of paralytic conditions, on a large scale. In 1938 Gauvain re-visited the United States with one of the Hospital Trustees, Sir Alexander Maclean, in order to study at first hand the Warm Springs and other centres where paralytic conditions are especially treated. Plans were again drawn up for a big new extension of the work of the Treloar Hospital, and it was one of Gauvain's greatest disappointments that the war has prevented the development of this scheme to provide comprehensive treatment for a range of crippling conditions, facilities for which in this country, in his opinion, are still inadequate.

Arising out of his interest in sunlight as a therapeutic agent, Gauvain was much interested in treatment by light in all forms and in particular in the treatment of Lupus Vulgaris. With his characteristic thoroughness this led to the establishment of a plastic unit, primarily for the treatment of scarring left by lupus, but now treating a large range of congenital and acquired defects amenable to plastic surgery.

No appreciation of Sir Henry Gauvain would be complete without some reference to the man himself.

A man of great personal charm, able to arouse affection and loyalty in his staff, in a way that is given to few. He was also a man of action and great administrative ability. Always ready to listen and discuss suggestions and difficulties with his staff, once a decision was arrived at it was adhered to and pursued unswervingly.

It was his pride that Treloar Hospital, in which his interest was so very personal, was a happy hospital, and this faculty for keeping his patients happy and contented was in his view a very real and essential part of treatment, and was perhaps particularly exemplified by the way in which his essential kindness and greatness of heart won the affection and secured the contentment of his patients.

An apostle of conservatism in an era which has seen the greater part of the development and elaboration of orthopædic operative technique, Gauvain's contribution to orthopædic surgery is perhaps greater than is at present realised.

To those who knew him he will long remain a friend and mentor whose wisdom, kindness and humour will not be forgotten.

LORD MAYOR TRELOAR CRIPPLES,

Dr.

Income and Expenditure Account for

INCOME.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTIONS				4,760	2	10
DONATIONS				3,541	11	4
QUEEN ALEXANDRA LEAGUE				7,500	0	0
ALEXANDRA ROSE DAY (per H.R.H. Duchess of Kent)	175	0	0			
Do. (per Stockbridge and District Collection)	5	0	0			
				<u>180</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

INVESTED PROPERTY—

Dividends and Interest :

From Investments	12,067	7	2			
From Loans and Mortgages	3,345	12	7			
From The Edward and Lillian Emily Budgen of Egham-Benefaction	13	3	2			
	<u>15,426</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>11</u>			
Rents (less outgoings)	876	6	0			
Income Tax refunded	7,214	2	3			
	<u>23,516</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>2</u>			
Less Annuities, etc., charged on Dividends	35	9	10			
War Damage Contributions	74	16	0	110	5	10
				<u>23,406</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>4</u>

THE JOSEPH BROWN MEMORIAL FUND FOR CRIPPLED AND CONVALESCENT POOR BOYS (per the Charity Commissioners)	289	11	4
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CONTRIBUTIONS ON ACCOUNT OF SERVICES TO PATIENTS—

(a) From Parents and others	1,119	14	5			
(b) From County and Borough Councils	27,454	17	6			
(c) From Education Committees	16,184	5	6			
(d) From Ministry of Health (Emergency Hospital Scheme)	681	1	0			
	<u>45,439</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>5</u>			

GOVERNMENT GRANT TOWARDS RUSHCLIFFE RATES OF SALARIES FOR NURSES	783	13	11
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BOARD OF EDUCATION—EDUCATIONAL AND MEDICAL GRANTS—

Hospital	949	10	0			
College	80	10	0			
	<u>1,030</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>			

Carried forward £86,931 3 2

HOSPITAL AND COLLEGE.

the year ended 31st March, 1945.

Cr.

EXPENDITURE.

Maintenance,

£ s. d. £ s. d.

PROVISIONS 10,659 5 1

SURGERY AND DISPENSARY—

Drugs, Chemicals, Disinfectants, &c. 576 15 2

Dressings, Bandages, &c. 668 12 9

Instruments and Appliances 1,126 18 3

Sundries 28 7 7

————— 2,400 13 9

DOMESTIC—

Renewals and Repairs of Furniture, Bedding
and Linen 475 6 5

Renewals and Repairs of Hardware, Crockery,
Brushes, &c. 172 2 2

Cleaning and Chandlery... 260 15 4

Water 377 13 4

Coal, Oil, Wood, &c. 4,591 1 4

Electric Lamps, &c. 44 13 6

Electricity and Gas from Mains Supply ... 758 18 9

Uniforms (Nurses', Porters', &c.) 463 7 4

Patients' Clothing 56 13 10

Sundries 196 3 9

————— 7,396 15 9

LAUNDRY—

Material 221 3 9

Wages 892 5 3

————— 1,113 9 0

ESTABLISHMENT—

Insurance... 401 11 0

Do. War Damage 47 10 0

A.R.P. Expenditure 459 18 0

Repairs and Renewals, and Equalisation Fund 2,689 4 4

Garden—Wages and Materials 560 11 2

Garden Equipment... 397 15 1

Kitchen Equipment 409 16 0

————— 4,966 5 7

Carried forward £26,536 9 2

Income and Expenditure Account for the

Dr.

INCOME.					£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward								86,931	3	2
LEGACIES—										
The late Admiral Oliver Backhouse (income tax reclaimed) ...					0	5	9			
„	„	Miss Alice Bennett	...	...	5	0	0			
„	„	Mrs. J. C. Blumfield (on account)	...	...	1,350	0	0			
„	„	Mrs. L. C. Bower	...	...	1,000	0	0			
„	„	Rev. L. R. Browne	...	...	100	0	0			
„	„	Mrs. E. A. Chapman	...	...	100	0	0			
„	„	Mrs. Nancie Cooke	...	...	25	0	0			
„	„	Mrs. E. M. E. Dale	...	...	502	16	9			
„	„	Lady Harriet S. Dalziel	...	...	365	0	11			
„	„	Mrs. E. M. Davey (on account)	...	...	2,500	0	0			
„	„	Miss Elizabeth A. Dowsett	...	...	5	0	0			
„	„	Charles Henry Francis, Esq....	...	...	45	16	10			
„	„	William Bird German, Esq.	...	...	250	0	0			
„	„	Lord Glanely	...	...	2,000	0	0			
„	„	Mrs. Elizabeth Green (on account)	...	...	1,040	0	0			
„	„	Miss F. M. Haig	...	...	100	0	0			
„	„	Mrs. F. M. Hancock	...	...	105	5	4			
„	„	Miss Annie M. Harper	...	...	450	0	0			
„	„	Miss Rachel Hastie (further on account)	...	...	70	15	10			
„	„	George W. Hayes, Esq. (further on account)	...	...	54	9	2			
„	„	Mrs. S. E. Hedderly (final payment)	...	...	260	12	9			
„	„	Lawrence Hignett, Esq. (discretionary)	...	...	1,000	0	0			
„	„	Miss Edith Hill	...	...	450	0	0			
„	„	Mrs. Phyllis Hobson	...	...	16	15	0			
„	„	Miss Esther Holt	...	...	1,000	0	0			
„	„	Alexander Horn, Esq. (final payment)	...	...	3	14	3			
„	„	A. H. Jacobs, Esq.	...	...	0	18	10			
„	„	Alfred E. Jenkins, Esq.	...	...	25	0	0			
„	„	W. G. Jeremy, Esq.	...	...	243	6	4			
„	„	Augustus E. Lacey, Esq.	...	...	108	3	4			
„	„	Arthur Walter Lonsdale, Esq.	...	...	25	0	0			
„	„	Miss E. L. Marshman (final payment)	...	...	22	10	0			
„	„	Miss W. H. Martin	...	...	334	9	10			
„	„	Miss E. R. Nicholson	...	...	331	13	4			
„	„	Miss M. L. Orr...	...	...	50	0	0			
„	„	Ernest Owers, Esq.	...	...	4,144	0	8			
„	„	Miss Annie Pearce	...	...	500	0	0			
„	„	Mrs. Eva Francis Perry (on account)	...	...	2,250	0	0			
„	„	W. T. Read, Esq.	...	...	3	0	0			
„	„	Miss Miriam Alice Ringer	...	...	25	0	0			
„	„	Mme. Henriette Salviati	...	...	365	9	9			
„	„	H. G. Shave, Esq.	...	...	1,000	0	0			
„	„	Miss M. Sheffield	...	...	123	2	8			
„	„	Miss R. S. M. Smart	...	...	3	6	0			
„	„	Dr. S. R. Smith (on account)	...	...	1,575	0	0			
„	„	Walter James Spencer, Esq.	...	...	250	0	0			
„	„	Mrs. F. L. Strickland (further on account)	...	...	52	5	4			
„	„	Miss Fanny E. Thomas (further on account)	...	...	23	18	6			
„	„	Mrs. M. S. S. Thornton (further on account)	...	...	500	0	0			
Carried forward					24,756	17	2	86,931	3	2

year ended 31st March, 1945—continued.

							<i>Cr.</i>		
EXPENDITURE.							£	s.	d.
Brought forward ...									
							26,536	9	2
SALARIES, WAGES, &c.—									
Medical	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,296	2	11
Dental	...	...	...	...	...	...	185	7	0
Dispensing	...	...	...	...	...	...	484	8	8
Technicians	...	...	...	...	...	...	766	12	0
Nursing	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,217	15	10
Other Officers	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,859	1	8
Mechanics, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,513	15	0
Porters	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,244	0	11
Domestic Servants	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,915	7	5
							26,482 11 5		
MISCELLANEOUS—									
Printing and Stationery...	...	...	...	...	...	...	285	2	9
Postage, Telephone, &c....	...	...	...	...	...	...	531	16	0
Sundries and Travelling Expenses	...	...	...	...	...	...	168	9	4
							985 8 1		
Administration—									
MANAGEMENT—									
Salaries	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,374	10	1
Printing and Stationery...	...	...	...	...	...	...	309	19	2
Postages and Telegrams	...	...	...	...	...	...	184	8	3
Law Charges and Auditors' Fees, &c. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	204	14	8
Sundries and Travelling Expenses	...	...	...	...	...	...	295	11	6
FINANCE—							£	s.	d.
Appeals	...	...	...	...	...	...	269	2	9
Contributions to other Institutions	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	5	0
							279 7 9		
							3,648 11 5		
Rates and Taxes—									
Rates, &c., London Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	139	17	10
Rates and Taxes, Alton and Hayling	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,090	15	3
Total Rates and Taxes	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,230 13 1		
Carried forward ...							£59,883 13 2		

Income and Expenditure Account for the

Dr.

INCOME.				£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward	...	24,756	17	2	86,931	3	2		
Less War Damage Contribution in respect of Tom Grose Legacy	... ..	...	0	6	10				
			24,756	10	4				
In Memoriam Gifts as per Schedule (p. 27)	...	...	88	9	0				
Donations received for investment	... ..	...	50	0	0				
			24,894	19	4				
Amount invested...	...	...	24,894	19	4				

Total Ordinary Income £86,931 3 2

year ended 31st March, 1945—continued.

Cr

EXPENDITURE.							£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward ...										59,883	13	2
COLLEGE—												
Wages	...	...	...	...	...	...	948	9	3			
Clothing	...	...	...	...	...	...	302	4	8			
Materials	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,250	2	3			
							2,500	16	2			
Less Produce sold or used	...	...	...	...	...	...	667	1	1			
										1,833	15	1
COLLEGE SCHOOL—												
Salaries	...	...	...	...	...	...	366	13	0			
Materials	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	7	9			
										372	0	9
HOSPITAL SCHOOL—												
Salaries	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,840	1	11			
Materials	...	...	...	...	...	...	119	8	6			
							3,959	10	5			
Less Produce sold	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	12	10			
										3,888	17	7
SURGICAL APPLIANCES SHOP—												
Wages	...	...	...	...	...	...	647	19	6			
Materials	...	...	...	...	...	...	326	13	9			
							974	13	3			
Less Appliances, &c., sold or used	...	...	...	...	...	...	565	12	9			
										409	0	6
AMBULANCE SERVICE AND TRANSPORT—												
Wages	...	...	...	...	...	...	496	11	10			
Motor Ambulance Service	...	...	...	...	...	...	279	3	10			
										775	15	8
Total Ordinary Expenditure										67,163	2	9
ALLOCATED TO PENSION FUND										19,000	0	0
BALANCE										768	0	5
										£86,931	3	2

We have examined the Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31st March, 1945, above set forth with the books, counterfoil receipts and vouchers of the Hospital and find it to be in accordance therewith.

PANNELL, CREWDSON & HARDY,

Chartered Accountants.

9, Basinghall Street, E.C.2.

14th August, 1945.

MINISTRY OF
LORD MAYOR TRELOAR CRIPPLES'
For Financial Year

INCOME.													
					HOSPITAL SCHOOL.			COLLEGE SCHOOL.			COLLEGE CONTINUATION COURSES.		
					£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
RECEIVED FROM MONEYS PROVIDED BY PARLIAMENT OR FROM LOCAL RATES.													
Grant from Ministry of Education...					1,028	0	1	34	1	4	53	13	3
Contributions from—													
(a) Local Education Authorities...					13,509	15	2	631	13	2	2,042	17	2
(b) Other Local Authorities ...					21,024	18	8	—			603	15	0
(c) Other Government Departments					454	0	8	—			—		
Contributions in respect of Scholars or Students otherwise than as above					797	9	10	39	5	2	61	19	7
FROM OTHER SOURCES—													
Sale of Work produced in School and College					70	12	10	247	0	10	420	0	3
Sale of Splints and Surgical Appli- ances					408	4	11	16	7	11	27	17	5
SUPPLIED BY GENERAL FUNDS OF THE													
HOSPITAL					12,049	19	2	1,501	3	0	973	2	11
,													
TOTALS					£49,343	1	4	2,469	11	5	4,183	5	7

WE HEREBY CERTIFY that we have examined the above Statement of Accounts in accordance with the instructions. It is based on the average number of Children and

2nd November, 1945.

EDUCATION RETURNS 32 D.
HOSPITAL SCHOOL AND COLLEGE.
ended 31st March, 1945.

EXPENDITURE.												
				HOSPITAL SCHOOL.			COLLEGE SCHOOL.			COLLEGE CONTINUATION COURSES.		
				£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Salaries of—												
(a)	Head Teachers	...	...	370	8	10	15	0	5	25	10	9
(b)	Assistant Teachers in Full Time Employment	...	...	3,177	11	8	111	2	2	188	17	10
(c)	Instructors	...	...	—			351	5	8	597	3	7
(d)	Supplementary Payments made to Teachers	...	...	203	7	5	6	10	2	11	1	5
(e) i.	—Medical Officers, Matron and Nurses	...	...	11,835	10	0	129	17	11	220	15	10
ii.	—All other Officers, excluding the Secretary and Clerical Assistants	...	...	3,311	3	1	132	19	7	226	1	3
Administration—												
(a)	Salaries of the Secretary and Clerical Assistants	...	...	1,713	15	8	68	16	5	117	0	0
(b)	Printing, Office Stationery and Postage and other Expenses	...	...	1,630	15	0	65	9	9	111	6	8
Books, Stationery and other materials for purposes of Instruction				119	8	6	464	19	11	790	10	1
Clothing for Scholars or Students				44	7	10	111	18	10	190	5	10
Medical Treatment and Care of Scholars or Students, excluding payments in respect of Salaries entered under (d) (i) above				2,436	2	2	97	16	8	166	6	4
Boarding expenses in respect of 104 Officers and Servants, and 276 Scholars or Students				7,827	4	10	245	6	0	401	7	9
Wages of Servants				2,104	10	0	84	1	3	143	13	2
Laundry				803	12	5	32	5	6	54	17	3
Maintenance of Buildings, Grounds and Equipment				6,587	11	5	264	12	3	449	15	0
Fuel, Light and Cleaning...				4,354	6	7	174	17	6	297	5	8
Rates and Taxes				1,609	19	0	64	13	2	109	18	2
Employers' Contributions (Teachers' (Superannuation Act, 1925)				177	8	0	6	6	2	10	14	5
Other Expenses—												
Uniforms—Nurses', Porters', etc.				476	0	7	19	2	5	32	10	1
Motor Ambulance Service				558	18	4	22	9	8	38	4	6
TOTALS				£49,343	1	4	2,469	11	5	4,183	5	7

*that we have ascertained by audit the correctness thereof, and that it is prepared in
College Boys attending the School and College, as approved by the Managers of the Institution.*

PANNELL, CREWDSON & HARDY,

Chartered Accountants.

MEDICAL REPORT

FOR YEAR APRIL 1ST, 1944, to MARCH 31ST,
1945.

ON 19th January, 1945, Sir Henry Gauvain, our beloved Medical Superintendent, died. A full tribute to his memory is given elsewhere, but a report on the work of the hospital which was so near his heart must inevitably be overshadowed by the great loss which the hospital has sustained in his passing.

For nearly thirty-eight years Sir Henry served the hospital. Under his direction from small beginnings it has grown to be one of the chief Orthopædic hospitals for children in this country. How much the hospital owes to his guiding hand only time will show, but the fact that the hospital now has not only a national, but also an international, reputation, must be attributed in no small measure to Sir Henry's wise planning and personality, as well as to his surgical judgment and skill.

The year 1944-1945 has, like all preceding war years, been an extremely busy year for the hospital. The demand on beds in the hospital has been very great, and the task of meeting this demand has not been made easier by the continued shortage of nursing staff.

The ravages of flying bombs and rockets, and the demands of the fighting forces, have considerably diminished the number of beds available for the treatment of orthopædic conditions in children in London and throughout the country. The Treloar hospital has been most fortunate in being able to continue its work throughout the war, but this lack of beds elsewhere has inevitably meant increased demands on the hospital accommodation, and as much as it has been in our power we have endeavoured to meet it not only by keeping our available beds fully occupied, but by eliminating all possible delays, so as to keep our "turnover" of patients as high as possible. In work amongst children, however, social conditions and home environment have always to be considered, and to discharge a child from hospital too soon, or to unsuitable home conditions, may well mean that the benefit gained by them in hospital is partially, or even entirely, lost, and therefore it has been inevitable that on occasions our waiting list has seemed distressingly long.

The operative work done in the hospital during the last year has been of a similar type and character to that of the preceding war years. One great need in our operative work has been met this year by the donation of a modern "Victor" Mobile X-ray Unit—which enables the surgeon to control and check the accuracy of various operations on bone by X-rays of the first quality taken in the theatre during the operation.

The Plastic Surgery Unit, under the care of Professor Kilner, has again had an extremely busy year. Almost all cases of cleft lip and palate in babies in the county of Hampshire, as well as considerable numbers from other parts of the country, are now being referred to this hospital, and it is with some difficulty at times that the large number requiring treatment are dealt with.

In order to treat as many children with these deformities as possible, we are trying to arrange that children admitted for these conditions are got thoroughly fit and ready for operation before they come to the hospital.

The various departments of the hospital have all in varying measure faced war-time difficulties of staff and material, but have successfully maintained their previous standards.

13,070 treatments were given in the Physiotherapy Department.

In the X-ray Department the number of skiagrams taken has still further increased, a total of 2,117 radiological examinations being made. Increasing numbers of out-patients are now referred to the hospital for the benefit of radiological examination by the first-class equipment the hospital possesses.

1,038 treatments were given in the Dental Department.

The Light Department continued its special work, between 6,000 and 7,000 treatments being given.

The work done in our Surgical Appliance and Apparatus Shop is worthy of special mention.

All splints and appliances required for the treatment of our patients are made in our own workshop, and this workshop not only makes appliances for the patients in hospital, but also supplies appliances to a very great number of the patients attending our out-patient clinics as well.

The Head of this Department, himself an old College boy, also visits certain of the clinics with the Surgeon-in-charge in order to measure and fit appliances at the clinic. This side of our work has increased steadily even during the war years, and it is remarkable that with a relatively small staff and great difficulties in supply of materials no less than 3,474 appliances were manufactured last year—some of considerable complexity, requiring great skill and care in fitting and finish.

The fact that a surgical appliance can be made directly in the hospital under the personal direction of the surgeon is of immense value, and is not found in many orthopædic hospitals.

The pathological work for the year has again been undertaken by Dr. Thornton's laboratory service at Salisbury. Dr. E. M. Martland has, with a technician, made a weekly visit to the hospital, seeing cases and carrying out many of the examinations on the spot.

910 pathological investigations in all were made during the year.

The various local authority Orthopaedic Clinics, now fifteen in number, covering the whole of the counties of Hampshire and the Isle of Wight, and the County Boroughs of Portsmouth, Southampton, Bournemouth, and Poole, have been continued throughout the year.

In spite of the exigencies of the war, and in particular the reduction of all specialist work amongst civilians around D-day, which prevented the Surgeon-in-charge from attending a number of clinics, 135 clinic sessions were visited by the Surgeons of the hospital, and 4,223 patients were seen, and the attendances at the physiotherapy and remedial exercise sessions reached the record total of 28,314.

That the clinic work should have been kept up to such a standard at such time is an achievement of which we feel we have reason to be proud, and has only been accomplished with no small effort. We have reason to believe that no crippled or physically defective child in the area served by the clinics has failed to receive treatment to which he or she really was in need.

H. H. LANGSTON.

THE HOSPITAL SCHOOL.

The education of the children continues in conjunction with the medical work, the lessons being such as their physical condition permits.

Several children have taken the examinations for entrance to Secondary Schools, thereby avoiding a break in their future education. A number of senior boys and girls have continued their studies in preparation for the School Certificate. One girl, while a patient, took the examination and was successful.

The knitting of garments for the Merchant Navy has been continued and the girls have also knitted garments for the children of the occupied countries.

During the year the children contributed to the Red Cross Prisoner of War Fund, and letters have been written to the adopted prisoners of war. A very appreciative letter has been received from one prisoner of war who has been repatriated.

The importance of education to these children cannot be too strongly emphasised. Already handicapped by their physical condition, it is doubly necessary for them to be mentally trained as much as their circumstances permit, and the combination of treatment and education has proved of greatest benefit to the patients, and will doubtless be of increased value to them as time goes on.

Table I. Statistics of In-patients treated during the year.

Lesion.				Admitted.	Discharged.	Removed or transferred.	Completed treatment.	Disease arrested.	Died.	Percentage completing treatment with disease arrested.	Average stay in days.
Spine	...	...	...	23	23	2	21	21	—	100.00	791.66
Hip	...	...	...	25	24	1	23	21	2	91.67	730.50
Knee	...	...	...	11	16	—	16	16	—	100.00	537.19
Other	...	...	...	65	64	5	59	58	1	98.31	297.35
Non-T.B.	...	...	...	330	342	6	336	335	1	90.97	185.42
Totals	...	...	...	454	469	14	455	451	4	—	248.09

Table II. Statistics of In-Patients treated since the opening of the Hospital.

Lesion.				Total admitted.	Total discharged.	Total removed or transferred.	Total completed treatment.	Total disease arrested.	Total died.	Percentage completed treatment with disease arrested.	Average stay in days.
Spine	...	...	...	1,910	1,859	177	1,682	1,606	76	95.5	791.8
Hip	...	...	...	2,134	2,049	109	1,940	1,883	57	97.0	571.8
Knee	...	...	...	895	845	37	808	794	14	98.3	485.7
Other	...	...	...	1,869	1,780	89	1,691	1,658	33	98.3	243.5
Non-T.B.	...	...	...	4,738	4,712	56	4,656	4,624	32	—	173.4
Totals	...	...	...	11,546	11,245	468	10,777	10,565	212	—	392.6

Table III. Hospital Bed Statistics for year ended 31st March, 1945.

*Average daily number of beds available during the year...	...	...	346
Average daily number of beds occupied during the year...	...	...	318
Number of patient days during the year...	...	...	116,185
Number of days Hospital was open during the year	...	...	365

* Included in this figure are 45 beds which were available for E.M.S. cases.

OUT-PATIENTS' ORTHOPÆDIC CLINICS.

Clinic.	Date.	Surgeons Visits.	Cases Examined		Remedial Sessions.	Remedial Treatments.
			New.	Old.		
Portsmouth ...	1944-45	19	92	539	591	7,365
Southampton	1944-45	14	52	406	186	3,274
Bournemouth	1944-45	15	172	480	520	4,231
I.O.W. ...	1944-45	4	73	117	225	1,381
Poole ...	1944-45	11	72	247	141	2,302
Alton ...	1944-45	10	80	107	52	581
Andover ...	1944-45	10	69	136	52	1,013
Basingstoke ...	1944-45	11	100	194	52	1,034
Christchurch	1944-45	5	40	53	52	1,034
Eastleigh ...	1944-45	6	108	141	52	1,486
Farnborough	1944-45	6	41	64	52	422
Fareham ...	1944-45	4	132	160	52	1,447
Gosport ...	1944-45	—	—	—	52	486
Havant ...	1944-45	6	69	118	52	999
Petersfield ...	1944-45	—	—	—	52	363
Romsey ...	1944-45	—	—	—	52	225
Totton ...	1944-45	6	56	68	52	303
Winchester ...	1944-45	6	113	124	52	901

REPORT OF THE
QUEEN ALEXANDRA LEAGUE OF SERVICE
AND LOCAL ASSOCIATIONS

From 1st April, 1944, to 31st March, 1945

President :

H.R.H. PRINCESS ARTHUR OF CONNAUGHT.

Vice-Presidents :

H.R.H. PRINCESS ALICE, COUNTESS OF ATHLONE, THE DUCHESS OF PORTLAND, THE MARCHIONESS OF CARISBROOKE, THE COUNTESS OF MALMESBURY, C.B.E., THE BARONESS RAVENSDALE, LADY BURNHAM, LADY MACLEAN, LADY EATON, MISS FLORENCE TRELOAR.

Organising Secretaries :

MR. CHARLES D. PENKETH
(*Headquarters*).

MISS CECIL D. SLAUGHTER
(*Travelling*).

It is most encouraging that during the 6th year of war and in spite of the heavy demands made upon our many friends we are able to report that the Income of the Queen Alexandra League has not only been maintained, but again shows a considerable increase over the previous year. The total raised was well over £25,000, a record sum in any year since the outbreak of war. The Trustees of the Hospital cannot adequately express their gratitude to all of those who, by their untiring and very loyal service during this difficult time, have collected this splendid sum. Without their aid and the generous support of their subscribers it would not have been possible to fully maintain the work of the Hospital and to meet the needs of the children whose health and future happiness depend so largely on the help we are able to give them.

It was recently my duty and pleasure to report to H.R.H. Princess Arthur of Connaught, our President, the continued and splendid success of the Queen Alexandra League during the difficult years of war. Her Royal Highness has asked me "to convey to all the Secretaries and Collectors her thanks and appreciation for their untiring efforts under such trying circumstances."

This must of necessity be an abbreviated report and it is therefore impossible to give any detailed account of Branch activities. One encouraging feature has been the welcome increase in so many of our Local Collections over recent years, and the general upward trend towards the totals of pre-war years. In spite of much uncertainty as to the future we hope this may continue.

In addition to the Local Collections we have received generous support from many Schools and Colleges where collections have been made, and various efforts arranged, to help the children at Alton. It is always a special pleasure to receive gifts from the children and our young friends who remember those less fortunate than themselves. Once again we have to acknowledge the kindness of the British Broadcasting Corporation in sending us a generous contribution of £500, being part proceeds of "Uncle Mac's" special Christmas Appeal on behalf of crippled children. Most welcome contributions have been received from Church and Sunday School Collections, as well as from entertainments, Sales of Work, Dances and Whist Drives organised by kind friends to assist us. As the claims of War Funds diminish and other war-time restrictions, we hope that those branches which, prior to the war, were able to arrange efforts on a larger scale may be able to do so once again, and we are very grateful to know that they are making plans for the future.

A very encouraging feature has been the increasing number of remittances received from various Service Depots—Naval, Army, and Air Force Units have given most generous support, also several branches of the Civil Defence Service have sent us their help. We have been very glad to welcome some of these to look over the Hospital, and the Trustees hope that in the not too distant future it may be possible to invite many more of our friends to do so to see for themselves the work which through their help and generosity is being carried on for the benefit of crippled and afflicted children.

During the past year we greatly regret the loss of several of our old Collectors by death, ill-health, or removal. We remember with gratitude their loyal service to the Hospital and are greatly indebted to those who have so kindly taken up their work and serve the children in their stead.

Owing to war conditions many of our Local Collections, mainly in Coastal Towns and in restricted areas, have had to lapse for the time being, and we should be most grateful to receive offers of help from friends of the Hospital who may now have been able to return to their homes again in these areas in order to try and restart these collections once more. Details will gladly be supplied.

FLORENCE TRELOAR,

Trustee.

RULES FOR ADMISSION TO HOSPITAL

Application for admission must be made on a special form which will be supplied on request. This form, when completed and signed by a medical practitioner, should be immediately sent to The Secretary, The Cripples' Hospital, Alton, Hants.

Boys and girls crippled from any cause whatever and who would be likely to be benefited by treatment are admitted up to the age of 16 years. The term "crippled" may be widely interpreted. Priority is given to children crippled by tuberculous infections or deemed to be suffering from orthopædic conditions, but cases suffering from medical forms of crippling, as, for example, rheumatoid arthritis, the sequelæ to rheumatic fever, and chronic diseases generally, who might be benefited by treatment, are eligible for admission if vacancies occur.

Should surgical treatment become necessary it is to be understood that such will be carried out under the direction of the Medical Officers.

Cases with signs of active tuberculous disease of the lungs are not eligible for admission.

Patients found eligible for admission will be registered, and in due course orders of admission will be sent.

Patients will not be admitted unless clean in their persons and habits.

Patients are admitted for any period up to two years which the Trustees deem advisable, at the end of which time all cases shall be examined and reported upon by a Visiting Member of the Medical Board. If thought desirable, the period may then be extended on the recommendation of the Medical Board.

Patients on admission will be tested as to their susceptibility to diphtheria and if susceptible will be immunised.

A weekly charge towards the maintenance, treatment and education of patients is made to parents, friends or philanthropic societies in respect of children admitted to the Hospital.

The guarantee at foot of the form of application for admission must be completed by filling in the sum that parents or friends are able to contribute, and the signature of a responsible householder must be obtained.

The Trustees will give sympathetic consideration to any special case of need, and, if full enquiry warrants such a course, may receive a patient at a reduced rate or without charge.

For cases admitted through County Councils, Education Committees and Poor Law Authorities special rates are charged.

Parents and adult friends may visit patients between 2 and 3.30 p.m. on the first Sunday in each month on presentation of visiting card, except during the months of January, February and March, when visiting is not permitted.

RULES FOR ADMISSION TO THE COLLEGE

- 1.—Application for admission must be made on a special form which will be supplied on request. This form when completed should be immediately sent to The Secretary.
- 2.—Candidates for admission must attend for a preliminary examination by the Medical Superintendent.
- 3.—Final decision as to admission rests in all cases with the Trustees of the College.
- 4.—Successful candidates for admission will be registered, and in due course orders of admission sent.
- 5.—Crippled boys, between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years of age, who would be likely to be benefited by technical training, are eligible for admission.
- 6.—The blind, the deaf and dumb or mentally deficient, or those without the full use of both hands, are ineligible.
- 7.—Candidates suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis, or from any condition which makes it undesirable that they should associate with other lads, are ineligible.
- 8.—Should medical or surgical treatment be required while in residence it is understood that such will be carried out under the direction of the Medical Officers.
- 9.—Candidates requiring surgical appliances or special surgical boots can obtain these after admission at lowest Hospital rates. Renewal or repair of these instruments, when required, will be undertaken on the same terms.
- 10.—Boys are trained at the College in tailoring, and shoemaking. The selection of a trade for each lad is decided by the College authorities after admission. While undergoing training the general education of the lads receives special attention by means of classes designed to meet their individual requirements. The Syllabus is approved by the Board of Education.
- 11.—All boys come for a probationary period of three months. The full period of training is three years. Persistent bad conduct or uncleanness in person or habits render a boy liable to expulsion.
- 12.—Each boy when admitted must bring : 2 pairs of boots ; 1 pair of slippers ; hair-brush and comb ; tooth-brush.
Other necessary articles of Clothing are supplied as required, but boys having any serviceable clothing should bring this with them.
Should boots be required during the stay of the boys at the College, these are supplied at cost price from the College workshops.
- 13.—A weekly charge towards the maintenance of boys admitted to the College is made to parents, friends or philanthropic societies.
The guarantee at foot of form of application for admission must be completed by filling in the sum that parents or friends are able to contribute, and the signature of a responsible householder must be obtained.
For cases admitted through County Councils, Education Committees and Public Assistance Authorities, a charge at the rate of £136 10s. per annum is made for maintenance, education and training, as approved by the Board of Education.
- 14.—The College is closed for a week or ten days at Easter and Christmas, and during the month of August. Boys going home must provide their return fare a week before the holidays commence.
- 15.—Boys will be promoted as monitors (with special privileges), according to their good conduct and diligence. A bonus is given to boys for good conduct and diligence shown at their trade. This, in the case of successful boys, is usually sufficient to meet the cost of an outfit of tools when a boy has completed his training. Boys withdrawn before completion of training forfeit claim to bonus.
- 16.—Every effort will be made to place boys in situations on the expiration of training, but no guarantee to this effect can be given.

FORM OF BEQUEST

I give and bequeath to the Lord Mayor Treloar Cripples' Hospital and College, to be applied in and towards carrying on the charitable objects of the Institution,

.....
(here describe gift, for instance, the sum of or amount of stock.)

and I direct that the receipt of the Treasurer, for the time being, of the Institution, shall be a full and sufficient discharge for my Executors.

A COT may be named (with Name Tablet) in Perpetuity for ...	£1,000
During Lifetime of Donor for	£500
Or by Annual Subscription of	£50

Will You Help Those Who Cannot Help Themselves ?

Bankers { MIDLAND BANK LTD., Holborn Viaduct, E.C.1.
 LLOYDS BANK LTD., Holborn Circus, E.C.1.
 BARCLAYS BANK LTD., Holborn E.C.1.

NAMED WARDS.

THE BERNHARD BARON.	THE HENRY GAUVAIN.
THE JOSEPH BROWN MEMORIAL.	THE HAMPSHIRE.
THE BURNHAM.	THE HENRY MILLS NATIONAL SUNDAY LEAGUE
THE CHINE HELPERS, SOUTHAMPTON.	MEMORIAL.
THE EDWARD CLARKE.	THE MURIEL WINIFRED.
THE WILLIAM HENRY DUNN.	THE NAVAL MEMORIAL.
THE FOURTH DESTROYER FLOTILLA MEMORIAL.	THE FLORENCE TRELOAR.

COTS NAMED IN PERPETUITY.

THE CHARLES EDWARD GEORGE ALEXANDER.	THE ANNIE MELVIN.
THE LOUIS BARNETT ABRAHAMS.	THE NELLIE MILLS.
THE HENRY FRANCIS BAILEY.	THE MR. AND MRS. JOHN MORRIS.
THE ARTHUR JAMES BALFOUR.	THE GEORGE EDWARD MORRISON.
THE C. D. B.	THE MARY BLANCHE.
THE BLACKPOOL AND DISTRICT.	THE MARION PAULINE MARGETSON.
THOMAS HOLME BOWER.	THE DAISY MOSENTHAL.
THE FLORENCE ELEANOR BOYCE.	THE MICKLEFIELD SCHOOL, SEAFORD.
THE BEATRIX BRAZIER.	THE MITCHELL.
THE LILIAN EMILY BUDGEN.	THE THOMAS MUNDAY.
THE RUTH BURRELL AND EMMA IVES.	THE INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS—
THE UNCLE SAM CHIVERS.	MANCHESTER UNITY.
THE LIONEL CLEGG.	THE LLEWELLYN OWEN.
THE MARY ANN COPE.	IN MEMORY OF LORD PIRBRIGHT.
THE WILLIAM COOPER—GREAT TREE.	THE BOROUGH OF POPLAR.
THE ELSIE MAIE.	THE PROVINCIAL MASONIC LODGES.
THE REGGIE EMERY.	THE DOUGLAS RAMSDEN.
THE ESSE.	THE RICHARD ROSS-READING.
THE ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS.	THE ELLA M. ROWCROFT, No. 1.
IN MEMORY OF E. D. FARMER.	THE ELLA M. ROWCROFT, No. 2.
LORD GLANELY (In Memory of his Wife, Ada Mary.)	THE ELLA M. ROWCROFT, No. 3.
THE GRAMOPHONE COMPANY.	THE ELLA M. ROWCROFT, No. 4.
THE CLEMENTS GOOD.	THE RUGBY AND DISTRICT.
THE NORMAN W. GRIEVE.	THE CAROLINE SEABORNE RICHARDSON, ALTON.
IN MEMORY OF LIEUT. HERBERT HARTMANN.	THE CAROLINE SEABORNE RICHARDSON, HAY-
THE META HARTMANN.	LING.
THE HARRY URMSON HAYES.	THE ST. GEORGES, ALTON.
THE HEATH HARRISON.	THE ST. GEORGES, HAYLING.
THE RACHAEL HASTIE.	THE SCHWERDT COT.
THE AMY HOLLAND.	THE EMMIE SHAVE.
THE HORNSHAW, No. 1.	THE H. G. SHAVE.
THE HORNSHAW, No. 2.	THE ANNIE SIMMONS.
THE FREDERICK HORNSHAW PILLEY.	THE LILIAN EMMA AND ALBERT SIMPSON.
IN MEMORY OF CAROLINE AND ALFRED HOBSON.	THE LEONARD TOZELAND SMART.
THE HERTFORD AND WELWYN (In Memory of	THE JAMES HENRY STEPHENS.
Marguerite Jourdain).	THE BOROUGH OF STEPNEY.
THE LADY (FLORENCE) HERBERT.	THE STOCK EXCHANGE
IN MEMORY OF LAWRENCE HIGNETT.	THE HENRY AND FRANCES SIMONS.
THE "KING'S OWN."	THE H. G. TETLEY.
THE ELIZABETH BLIGH KNIGHT.	THE LADY TRELOAR.
THE EMMA GERTRUDE LE GEYT.	THE MARGARET STUART TROWBRIDGE.
IN MEMORY OF A LIVERPOOL BUSINESS MAN.	THE F. H. TURNER.
THE LONDON BANKS.	THE HERBERT VICTOR.
THE CORPORATION OF LONDON.	THE WARWICK.
THE LONDON MASONIC LODGES.	THE MR. & MRS. S. T. WILLIAMSON.
TO THE MEMORY OF GEORGE DOW LONG.	THE VIOLET WILLS.
THE LADY MCILWRAITH.	THE BOROUGH OF WIMBLEDON.

COTS NAMED DURING LIFETIME OF DONORS.

THE HERMIONE CHARTERIS ANDERSON.	THE ROWE-AITKEN.
THE JOHN HOGG.	THE JANE STAPLETON-COTTON.
THE SYBILLA LOWTHER.	THE WILLIAM MURRAY SEATON.
THE EDGAR K. MIDDLETON.	IN MEMORY OF MIDSHIPMAN COLIN H. S.
THE MILFORD.	WILSON.
IN MEMORY OF MY MOTHER.	

COTS NAMED BY ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTIONS.

THE "BECLAWAT."	THE LONDON TRANSPORT TRAMWAYS.
THE M. H. C. COMBE.	THE MORLAND HALL.
IN MEMORY OF THE LATE W. H. CULLEN.	THE PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE (3 Cots).
THE PETER DARLING.	THE MARGARET ELIZABETH WAGNER.
THE DICKENS' FELLOWSHIP.	THE ALFRED OWEN WILLIAMS.
THE ENTRE NOUS CLUB.	THE ROSA WILSON.

IN MEMORIAM GIFTS.

Many supporters of the Hospital, whilst not in a position to name a Cot, may feel disposed to associate in perpetuity the name of a relative or friend (very often a child) with the Institution.

In order to meet such cases, the Trustees have gladly arranged to accept gifts for investment in perpetuity, and in this manner the "In Memoriam" gift will always be associated with the Hospital, whilst steadily building up an endowment fund.

Gifts received during year ended 31st March, 1945

In memory of—	£	s.	d.
My Dear Marguerite Barnes	1	1	0
My Wife (from Lt.-Col. Berner)	10	0	
Peter Blake	3	0	
O. Briginshaw	1	1	0
My Husband (R. D. Bromley, Esq.)	3	3	0
Richard Anthony Child	1	1	0
Rose Hannah Critchley	2	10	0
Walter Dexter	1	18	6
My Baby Son Derek (from Mrs. Ead)	2	6	
E. D. Farmer	5	0	0
Mother (from Mr. and Mrs. Fielden)	10	0	
Sir Henry Gauvain	1	5	0
Melville Vaughan Gibbs	2	2	0
Eleanor Hall	10	0	
Miss Harriette Hazell	10	0	0
Mrs. L. E. Head	10	0	
My Dear Wife (Mrs. C. Heffer)	10	0	
Mr. and Mrs. A. Bond Hickisson	1	1	0
Henry Holder	1	1	0
Evelyn May Hope	1	1	0
Frank Richard Horsley	10	10	0
Charles Hunt... ..	2	6	
J. T. and W. D. T.	2	2	0
W. R. Kennett	2	0	0
My Son Tony (from Mrs. A. King)	10	0	
John T. Leach	1	1	0
Mrs. Le Mere Shallis	1	1	0
R. E. Loveday	5	5	0
My Mother and Grandmother of Keith O'Mahony	10	6	
Mrs. H. Malden	2	1	0
Petty Officer E. A. P. Martin	10	0	
J. M. (from P. Making)	1	1	0
Mr. and Mrs. Maxted	1	0	0
6th May, 1913	15	0	
Miss L. Mitchell	1	1	0
Morna	1	1	0
Jack (from H. C. Mould)	1	0	0
My Mother (!from Mrs. E. V. Moutrie)	5	0	
Mrs. A. J. Neale	7	6	
Gerald Neave and Helen Millie	1	1	0
Douglas Walter Nodes	2	2	0
22nd October... ..	10	0	
Beth Oldfield... ..	1	1	0
My Daughter's Birthday 16th March (from Mrs. G. Pearson)... ..	3	0	0
F. K. P. (from Mrs. M. Pinson)	1	1	0
F/O. D. J. Polman	1	1	0
My Dear Wife	1	0	0
Dr., Mrs. and Ronald Wastell Simpson	3	0	0
Mrs. Barton Smith	2	6	
Ted	5	0	
Phyllis Topping	2	2	0
Geoffrey H. Webb	1	0	0
Mrs. Westbrook and Dinah	1	0	0
Miss Agnes Wren	1	0	0
Captain F. W. Wyley, R.N.	2	0	0
	£88	9	0

